## ANALYSIS OF GATE 2018*(Memory Based)

Mechanical Engineering


GATE-2018
ME
ME ANALYSIS-2018_3-Feb_Morning

| SUBJECT | No. of Ques. | Topics Asked in Paper(Memory Based) | Level of Ques. | Total <br> Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engineering <br> Mathematics | 1 Marks: 6 <br> 2 Marks: 4 | Mean Value Theorem; Probability , Euler's Method, Rank, Analytic Function, Laplace Transform | Easy | 14 |
| Engineering <br> Mechanics | 1 Marks: 0 <br> 2 Marks: 2 | Slider Crank Mechanism, Collision | Medium | 4 |
| Mechanics of Materials | 1 Marks: 4 <br> 2 Marks: 5 | Simple Stress Strains, Analysis of Shear Stress, Stress in Beams, Plain Stress | Medium | 14 |
| Theory Of <br> Machines | 1 Marks: 3 <br> 2 Marks: 2 | Gear Strain | Medium | 7 |
| Machine Design | 1 Marks: 1 <br> 2 Marks: 2 | Bearing Capacity, Breaks | Easy | 5 |
| Fluid Mechanics | 1 Marks: 3 <br> 2 Marks: 4 | Peloton Wheels, | Medium | 11 |
| Heat Transfer | 1 Marks: 0 <br> 2 Marks: 1 | Conduction, | Easy | 2 |
| Thermodynamics | 1 Marks: 2 <br> 2 Marks: 4 | Entropy, IC Engines, Steady Flow Energy Equation | Medium | 10 |
| Manufacturing Engineering | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { Marks: } 6 \\ & 2 \text { Marks: } 4 \end{aligned}$ | ECM, Sheet Metal, Metal cutting | Tough | 14 |
| Industrial Engineering | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { Marks: } 0 \\ & 2 \text { Marks: } 2 \end{aligned}$ | Linear Program | Medium | 4 |
| General Aptitude | 1 Marks: 5 <br> 2 Marks: 5 | Geometry, TSD, Functions, Grammar, Numbers, Work, inference | Easy | 15 |
| Total | 65 |  |  | 100 |
| Faculty Feedback | Majority of the question were concept based. General Aptitude And Mathematics is Very Easy. Core Subject Questions were 50\% easy, 30\% medium and $20 \%$ tough. |  |  |  |

## General Aptitude

## GATE 2018 Examination* (Memory Based)

## Mechanical Engineering

Test Date: 3-FEB-2018
Test Time: 9:00 AM 12:00 PM
Subject Name: Mechanical Engineering

## General Aptitude

## Q. 1 - Q. 5 Carry One Mark each.

1. Her $\qquad$ should not be confused with miserliness because she is ever willing to assist those in need.
(A) Cleanliness
(B) Punctuality
(C) Frugality
(D) Greatness
[Ans. C]
2. Going by the $\qquad$ that many hands make light work, the school $\qquad$ involved all the students in the task
(A) Principle , Principal
[Ans. A]
3. Find function of following graph

(A) $||x|+1|-2$
(B) $||x|-1|-1$
(C) $||x|+1|-1$
(D) $||x-1|-1|$
[Ans. B]
4. If by decreasing length of rectangle by 10 m and breath by 5 m it becomes a square .The area lost from rectangle is $650 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. Find the area of original rectangle?
(A) 1125
(B) 2250
(C) 2924
(D) 4500
[Ans. B]
5. 7 machines take 7 min to make 7 identical toys. At the same rate how many minutes would it take for 100 machines to make 100 toys?
(A) 1
(B) 7
(C) 100
(D) 700
[Ans. B]

## Q. 6 - Q. 10 Carry Two Mark each.

6. If a and $b$ are integers and $a+a^{2} b^{3}$ is odd then
(A) a and b odd
(B) $a$ and $b$ even
(C) a even b odd
(D) a odd b even
[Ans. D]
7. From the time, the front of a train enters a platform it take 25 sec for back of the train to leave the platform, if train is travelling at $54 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. At the same speed it takes 14 sec to pass a man running at $9 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in same direction of the train. Length of train and platform in m is?
(A) 175 and 200
(B) 210 and 140
(C) 162.5 and 187.5
(D) 245 and 130
[Ans. A]
8. For integers $a, b, c$, minimum and maximum of $a+b+c$

If $\log |a|+\log |b|+\log |c|=0$
(A) -3 and 3
(B) -1 and 1
(C) -1 and 3
(D) 1 and 3
[Ans. A]
9. A number consists of 2 digits, the sum of digits is 9 . If 45 is subtracted from the number its digits are interchange. What is the number?
(A) 63
(B) 72
(C) 81
(D) 90
[Ans. B]
10. 1. Some roses are red
2. All red flower fade quickly
3. Some roses fade quickly
(A) If statement (1) is true and statement (2) is false then statement (3) is false
(B) If Statement (1) true statement (2) false then statement (3) is true
(C) If Statement (1) true statement (2) true the statement (3) true
(D) If Statement (1) false statement (2) false the statement (3) false statement
[Ans. C]

## Technical

1. $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}-4 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 7 & -3 & 1\end{array}\right]$ find rank of $A$
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
[Ans. B]
$|A|=\left|\begin{array}{ccc}-4 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 7 & -3 & 1\end{array}\right|$
$-4(-1-3)-1(-1+7)-1(3+7)$
$=16-6-10=0$
$|\mathrm{A}|=0$
$\operatorname{rank}(\mathrm{A}) \leq 2$
$\left|\begin{array}{cc}-1 & -1 \\ -3 & 1\end{array}\right|=-1-3=-4 \neq 0$ (atleast one minor of order 2 is not equal to 0 )
Rank=2
2. $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{z})$ is a function of z and $\mathrm{z}=\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{iy}$ then
$\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{z})=\mathrm{iz}+\mathrm{k}$ Real part ( z ) +i imaginary part of ( z )
For what value of $k$ ? $f(z)$ satisfies $C-R$ equations
(A) 0
(B) 1
(C) -1
(D) 4
[Ans. B]
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})=\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{iy})+\mathrm{k}(\mathrm{x})+\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{y})$

$$
=x-y+k \cdot x+i y
$$

$f(z)=\underbrace{(k x-y)}_{u}+\underbrace{i(x+y)}_{v}$,
C-R equations
$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}=\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} ; k=1$
3. Consider the function $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{x})$ which is continuous in $(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b})$ there exists ' $\xi^{\prime} \in[\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}]$ such that $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x$ is $\qquad$
(A) $f(\xi)(b-a)$
(B) $f(b)(\xi-a)$
(C) $f(a)(b-\xi)$
(D) 0

## [Ans. A]

$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}) \in[\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}]$
$\xi \in[\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}]$
MVT of integrals
$f(\xi)=\frac{1}{b-a} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x$
$\Rightarrow \int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x=(b-a) f(\xi)$
4. An explicit forward Euler method is used to numerically solve differential equation $\frac{d y}{d t}=y$ using time step of 0.1 with initial condition $y(0)=1$
$y(1)$ computed by this method is $y_{3}=y(0.3)=(1.1)(1.1)(1.1)$
$y_{n+1}=y_{n}+h f\left(t_{n}, y_{n}\right) \quad y_{10}=y(1)=(11)^{10}=2.59$
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{y})=\frac{\mathrm{dy}}{\mathrm{dt}}=\mathrm{y}$
$y_{n+1}=y_{n}+h y_{n}$

$$
=(1+\mathrm{h}) \mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{n}}
$$

$\mathrm{h}=0.1$
$y_{1}=y(0.1)$
$y_{2}=y(0.2)=(1+0.1) y_{1}=(1.1)(1.1)$
3. $\oiint_{S} \bar{r} . \hat{n} d s=$ ? Over the closed surface ' $S$ ' bounding the volume ' $V$ ' where $r=x \hat{\imath}+y \hat{\jmath}+z \hat{k}$ is the position vector
(A) 1 V
(B) 2 V
(C) 3 V
(D) 4 V
[Ans. C]
4. Let $\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{x}_{2}$ be two normal random (independent) variables with means $\mu_{1}, \mu_{2}$ and standard deviation $\sigma_{1}, \sigma_{2}$, consider $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}_{1}-\mathrm{x}_{2}$ is random variable then $\qquad$ (given that $\mu_{1}=\mu_{2}=1, \sigma_{1}=1, \sigma_{2}=2$ )
(A) Y is normal distributed random variable with mean $=0$, variance $=1$
(B) Y is normal distributed random variable with mean $=0$, variance $=5$
(C) Y is not normal distributed random variable with mean $=0$, variance $=1$
(D) Y is not normal distributed random variable with mean $=0$, variance $=5$
[Ans. B]
5. A six faced fair die is rolled 5 times then percentage probability of obtaining ' 1 ' at least 4 times is
(A) 33
(B) 3.33
(C) 0.33
(D) 0.0033
[Ans. C]
6. A box contains 4 Red, 4 Green, 4 Black balls, 3 balls are pulled out of the box at random one after another without replacement . probability of getting all 3 balls are red.
(A) $\frac{1}{72}$
(B) $\frac{1}{55}$
(C) $\frac{1}{36}$
(D) $\frac{1}{27}$
[Ans. B]
7. $F(s)$ is the L.T of $f(t)=2 t^{2} e^{-t}$ then find $F(1)=0.5$
[Ans. *]Range: 0.5 to 0.5
8. In a slider crank mechanism, crank is of length 30 mm and connecting rod is of length 70 mm . At the instant

## [Ans. *]

9. In a slider crank mechanism, crank is of length 30 mm and connecting rod is of length 70 mm . At the instant when crank is making $45^{\circ}$ with the line of reciprocation of slider what will be the turning moment (N.m) on crank if a force of 40 kN is applied on the slider as shown?

[Ans. ${ }^{*}$ ]Range: 1118.33 to 1118.33
10. A mass 200 kg is supported with two springs of stiffness $\mathrm{k}=10 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}$ and subjected to a harmonic force $F(t)=50$ let 5 t . find the magnitude of dynamic force transmitted from each mounting to the ground

[Ans. *]
11. For minimum Value of $3 x+5 y$

So that
$3 x+5 y \leq 15$,
$4 x+9 y \leq 8 ;$
$13 x+2 y \leq 2$;
$X \geq 0$;
$\mathrm{Y} \geq 0$.
[Ans. ${ }^{*}$ ] Range: 0 to 0
12. Below is figure shown what the name of weld based on shaded region.

(A) Fillet weld
(B) Groove weld
(C) Spot weld
(D) Plug weld
13. A block of mass 2 kg is sliding along a curved surface from $P$. At point $Q$, it's vecity is 20 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ and radius of curvature is 2 m . What will be the normal force acting block at Q ?
[Ans. *] Range: 420 to 420
FBD of block Q


By,
$\sum \mathrm{F}=\mathrm{ma}$
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{mg}=\mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{V}^{2}}{\mathrm{R}}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{m}\left[\frac{\mathrm{V}^{2}}{\mathrm{R}}+\mathrm{g}\right]$
$N=2\left[\frac{20^{2}}{2}+10\right]$
$\mathrm{N}=420 \mathrm{~N}$
14. A rigid bar of weight 100 N and length L is supported to a fix support with the help of two strings $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}$. At equilibrium, what is the magnitude of tension developed in strings $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{2}$ ?

(A) $100 \mathrm{~N}, 0 \mathrm{~N}$
(B) $0 \mathrm{~N}, 100 \mathrm{~N}$
[Ans. B]
From the FBD of rigid bar,


Let,
$\sum \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{A}}=0$
$-T_{2} \times \frac{L}{2}+100 \times \frac{L}{2}=0$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{T}_{2}=100 \mathrm{~N} \\
& \sum \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{y}}=0 \\
& \mathrm{~T}_{1}+\mathrm{T}_{2}-100=0 \\
& \mathrm{~T}_{1}=100-\mathrm{T}_{2}=0 \\
& \mathrm{~T}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~N}
\end{aligned}
$$

15. A point mass is shooted vertically upward with a gun and initial velocity $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sat} \mathrm{t}=0$. It comes back to ground and rebound but $20 \%$ of the velocity is lost in rebounding. If the final velocity comes to zero then how much time it will take?
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 4
(D) $\infty$
[Ans. C]
Let time taken by object to reach $B=t$


Total time taken to reach at back to ' A '
$\mathrm{T}=2 \mathrm{t}=\frac{2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}}{\mathrm{g}}$
After $1^{\text {st }}$ rebound velocity will be,
$\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}-20 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}$
$=V_{o}-\frac{20}{100} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}$
$\mathrm{V}_{1}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$
Time taken to come back $\mathrm{T}_{1}=\frac{2 \cdot \mathrm{~V}_{1}}{\mathrm{~g}}$
Total time and so on
$\mathrm{T}=\frac{2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}}{\mathrm{g}}+\frac{2 \mathrm{~V}_{1}}{\mathrm{~g}}+\frac{2 \mathrm{~V}_{2}}{\mathrm{~g}}+\cdots \ldots \ldots$
$\mathrm{T}=\frac{2}{\mathrm{~g}} \cdot \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}} \cdot\left[1+\frac{\mathrm{V}_{1}}{\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}}+\frac{\mathrm{V}_{2}}{\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}}+\frac{\mathrm{V}_{3}}{\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}}+\cdots \cdots \cdots\right]$
$\mathrm{T}=\frac{2}{\mathrm{~g}} \cdot \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}\left[1+\frac{0.8 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}}{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}}+\frac{(0.8)^{2} \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{o}}}{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}}+\frac{(0.8)^{3} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{o}}}{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}}+\cdots \cdots \cdots\right]$
$\mathrm{T}=\frac{2}{10} \times 4[\underbrace{1+0.8+(0.8)^{2}+(0.8)^{3}+\cdots \ldots \ldots}_{\text {Geometric progression series up to } \infty}]$
$\mathrm{T}=0.8 \times \frac{1}{[1-0.8]}=\frac{0.8}{0.2}=4$
$\mathrm{t}=4 \mathrm{sec}$
16. A steel column of rectangular cross-section is simply supported at ends. Length of the column is 1.5 m and cross section dimensions are $15 \mathrm{~mm} \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$. Modulus of elasticity is 200 GPa . The critical load (in kN ) which the column can carry is $\qquad$ kN.
[Ans. *]Range: 1.09 to 1.09

$\mathrm{I}_{\text {min }}=\frac{15 \times 10^{3}}{12} \mathrm{~mm}^{4}$
$\mathrm{E}=200 \mathrm{GPa}=200 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{MPa}$
$\mathrm{Le}=1.5 \mathrm{~m}=1.5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~mm} ; \quad \mathrm{P}_{\text {critical }}=1.09 \mathrm{kN}$
17. A bar is compressed up to half of its original length. The magnitude of true strain produced in cylinder is $\qquad$ ?
[Ans. *]Range: -0.693 to - 0.693

$\longleftarrow \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{i}}=\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{o}} \longrightarrow$

$$
L_{\mathrm{f}}=\frac{\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{o}}}{2}
$$

Before compression
After compression
Engineering strain produced $E=\frac{L_{f}-L_{i}}{L_{i}}=\frac{\frac{L_{0}}{2}-L_{o}}{L_{o}}$
$\epsilon=-0.5$
True strain $\epsilon_{\mathrm{T}}=\ln (1+\epsilon)=\ln (1-0.5)$
$\epsilon_{\mathrm{T}}=\ln (0.5)$
$\epsilon_{\mathrm{T}}=-0.693$
18. A carpenter glued two different logs at interface and they are subjected to 4 MPa stress along x .
Assuming that failure will occur at interface before logs consider the two statements:
(i) Joint at interface will fail if normal stress exceeds 2.5 MPa at joint.
(ii) Joint at interface will fail if shear stress exceeds 1.5 MPa .

Which one of the following is correct?
(A) Failure will occur because of (i).
(B) Failure will occur because of (ii).
(C) Failure will occur because of both (i) and (ii).
(D) Failure will not occur.
[Ans. A]
19. If $\sigma_{1}$ and $\sigma_{3}$ are maximum and minimum values of principle stresses then the maximum value of shear stress is?
(A) $\frac{\sigma_{1}-\sigma_{3}}{2}$
(B) $\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{1}-\sigma_{3}}{2}}$
(C) $\left(\frac{\sigma_{1}+\sigma_{3}}{2}\right)$
(D) $\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{1}+\sigma_{3}}{2}}$
[Ans. B]
20. True $\operatorname{stress}_{(\sigma)} V_{s}$ true strain $\varepsilon$ curve is shown in figure when material is loaded up to A. At A stress is 500 MPa and strain is 0.5 . When material is unloaded up to B , what will be the strain at $B$ if stress at $B$ is 100 MPa ?

[Ans. ${ }^{*}$ ]Range: 0.498 to 0.498
21. A column having a rectangular section of width 15 mm and height $=10 \mathrm{~mm}$ is simply supported its having length of 1.5 mm . Calculate critical buckling load (N).
[Ans. *] Range: 1.1 to 1.1
22. Two wooden pieces are attached as shown in figure below. Their attached with figure so the angle $(\theta)$ is given in the diagram is $30^{\circ}$ and the whole assembly experience 10 in tensile stress of 4 MPa .


1. Maximum tensile stress glue can take 2.5 MPa
2. Shear stress glue can taken 1.5 MPa

Assume that failure will be happen in Clue not in wood?
(A) It fails by to tensile stress not shear stress
(B) It fails by shear stress not tensile?
(C) Fails by both of them
(D) Fail by none of them
[Ans. C]
23. A block of mass 2 kg slides down steadily against a vertical wall. A very thin layer of oil acts as a lubricant between the block and the wall.


If interface area of block is $0.04 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, it's dynamic viscosity is $7 \times 10^{-3}$ pa-sec. Find out the terminal velocity of the block.
Assume the velocity profile develop in oil layer due to sliding of block to be linear.
[Ans. *]Range:
24. An eng9ine operates on Otto cycle with initial supply of air at 0.1 MPa and $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

The compression ratio of cycle is 8 and heat supplied is $500 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{kg}$.
What is the maximum temperature for the cycle?
[Ans. ${ }^{*}$ ]Range:

MORE QUESTIONS COMING SOON

